

THE CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG  
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

MMAT5210 Discrete Mathematics 2017-2018  
Assignment 2 (Due date: 22 Feb, 2017)

1. (a) Suppose that  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $n$  are positive integers. Prove that if  $a^n \mid b^n$ , then  $a \mid b$ .  
(b) Suppose that  $p$  is a prime and  $a$  and  $k$  are positive integers. Prove that if  $p \mid a^k$ , then  $p^k \mid a^k$ .
2. Prove that an integer  $n$  is divisible by 3 if and only if the sum of the digits of  $n$  is divisible by 3.  
(Hint: Express  $n$  as  $a_1 + 10a_2 + 10^2a_3 + \cdots + 10^ka_k$ .)
3. Find the last two digits of  $123^{562}$ .
4. RSA cryptosystem is implemented by using two primes  $p = 17$  and  $q = 23$ .
  - (a)
    - i. Compute  $\varphi(n)$ , where  $n = pq$ .  
Hence choose a possible number  $e$  to generate a public key  $(n, e)$ .
    - ii. According to your choice in part (a), generate the private key  $d$ .
    - iii. What is the ciphertext  $c$  if the message  $m = 33$  is encrypted?  
(Remark: Verify your answer by decrypting  $c$  by using the private key  $d$  and see if you can recover  $m$ .)
  - (b)
    - i. If  $e = 29$  is chosen, generate the private key  $d$ .
    - ii. Suppose that the ciphertext received is  $c = 18$ . Find the original message  $m$ , given that  $0 \leq m < n$ .
5. (Optional) If a ciphertext  $c = 273095689186$  is sent by using RSA cryptosystem while the public key using is  $(n, e) = (712446816787, 6551)$ . What is the original message  $m$ , given that  $0 \leq m < n$ ?
6. Prove that a subgroup of a cyclic group is also cyclic.
7. Let  $G$  be an abelian group. Let  $H$  be the subset of  $G$  consisting of the identity  $e$  together with all elements of  $G$  of order 2. Show that  $H$  is a subgroup of  $G$ .
8. Show that a finite abelian group is not cyclic if and only if it contains a subgroup isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$  for some prime  $p$ .
9. Prove that if a finite abelian group has order a power of a prime, then the order of every element in the group is a power of  $p$ .